Case Study: Brisbane City Council goes carbon neutral







Australia's largest carbon neutral organisation

1,342km² land area



annual budget \$2.8 billion



population 1.2 million



6,679ha urban parks





\$23.1 billion

assets managed

>328,000 domestić waste collected

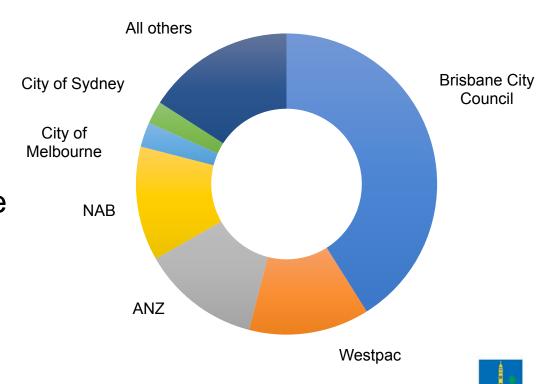




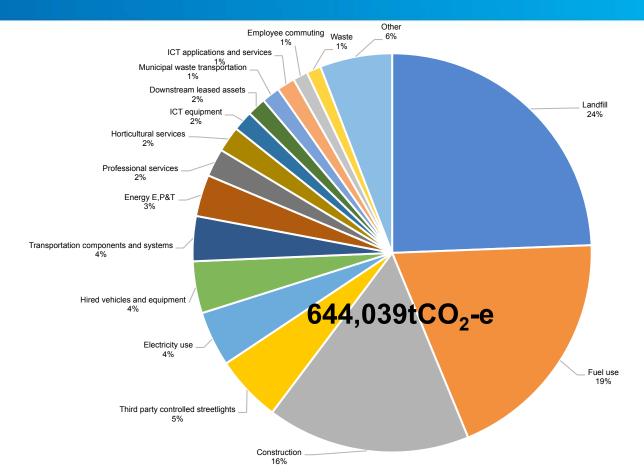


How Council compares with others

- Three times larger than the next largest carbon neutral certified organisations
- >15 times larger than the next largest local government authorities
- Two and a half times the footprints of all other certified organisations



Our carbon footprint (2016-17)



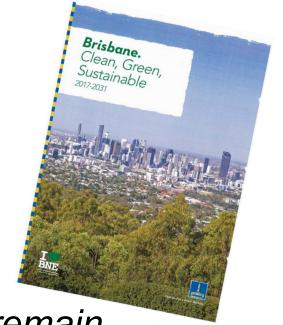


Dedicated to a better Brisbane

Clear vision and strategy



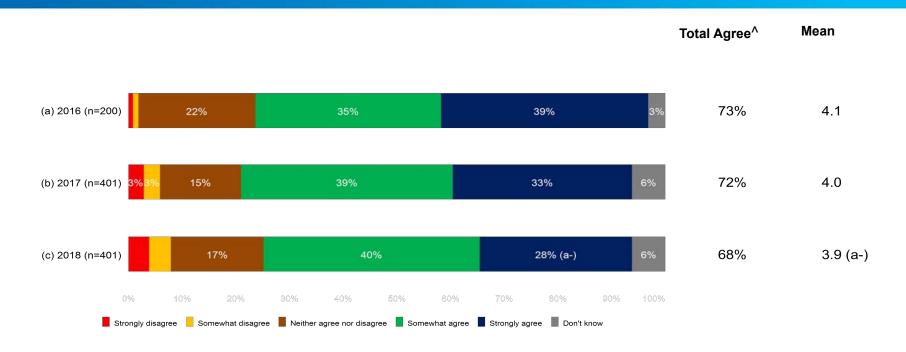
"By 2031, Brisbane City Council will have achieved carbon neutral status"



"Council will remain a carbon neutral organisation"



Strong community support



CC1. Please rate your level of agreement that Council should become a carbon neutral organisation using a scale of strongly disagree to strongly agree. Being carbon neutral means that there are to be no net emissions from Council business operations, achieved by investing in energy efficiency projects, using renewable energy, and purchasing carbon offsets.

Scale of 1 (lowest) to 5 (highest) used

Base: Total Sample





[^]Total agree represents those who gave a rating of 4 or 5 on a scale from 1 (lowest) to 5 (highest)

Incremental approach

2008:

Started reporting on greenhouse gas emissions (scope 1 and 2)

Achieved 50% renewable energy

Began offsetting emissions from fuel use and business travel

2010-2015:

Achieved 100% renewable energy



2016:

Measured and offset all greenhouse gas emissions (scope 1, 2 and 3)

Self-declared carbon neutral



2018:

Certified carbon neutral





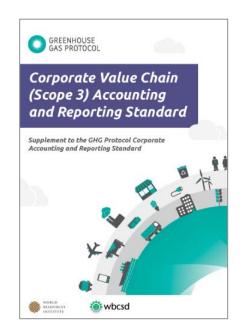
Purchased renewable energy to power City Hall





The challenge of measurement

- Emissions measured in accordance with national and international standards
- Organisational boundary defined using operational control approach
- Scope 3 emissions sources identified through engagement with operational areas and expenditure based materiality assessment
- All sources >1% of total emissions are quantified, exclusions limited to >5%





Emissions reduction strategy

- 1. Improve energy efficiency and emissions profile of **existing assets and services**
- 2. Ensure design and delivery of **new assets and services** is informed by an understanding of energy consumption and emissions and incorporates measures to improve performance
- 3. Encourage changes in **employee behaviour**
- 4. Develop organisational capacity



Continuous improvement program



- >130 projects identified
- Projects prioritised based on cost, emissions reduction potential and ability to implement
- \$1.5 million invested annually



Project achievements

- More than 25,000 streetlights retrofitted with energy efficient lamps
- LED lighting upgrades at buildings, bus depots, the Story Bridge, and in traffic signals and public lighting
- 660kW of solar PV systems installed on Council buildings and facilities
- Smart transmission technology in new buses





Changing the way we operate

- Updates to corporate policies and standards
- Reviewing and incorporating emissions reduction measures across the capital works program
- Reviewing and improving budget and project documentation and operating procedures
- Internal communication and behaviour change







Engaging with our supply chains

- Identifying emissions intensive assets, goods and services
- Working with contractors, lessees and landlords to obtain activity data and explore emissions reduction measures
- New tender processes and lease renewals to include provisions for data reporting and improved performance







Supporting sustainable development

- More than 1.6 million offsets purchased since 2008
- Purchased renewable energy and carbon offsets must meet agreed criteria, including NCOS eligibility
- Preference to buy a portion of offsets domestically and from projects that offer wider co-benefits













